

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL XX

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1913

NO. 52

AN IMPORTANT EDUCATIONAL VISIT TO PACKING HOUSE

On Friday, the 26th instant, a large party of branch house managers and salesmen of the Western Meat Company, headed by F. L. Washburn, vice-president and general manager; M. D. Gallagher, fresh meat manager; William Haaker, sales and provision manager; E. R. Patterson, produce manager; R. M. Chaplin, by-products manager, and Mr. Coulter, traffic manager, visited the plant of the company, and were met by J. O. Snyder, superintendent, who had in waiting for them a splendid repast prepared from products manufactured by the Western Meat Company. The banquet was enjoyed to the fullest extent by all, and from the manner in which the visitors got down to business, it showed very clearly that they had the fullest confidence in the goods they handled and sold.

Menu—Frankfurters and sauerkraut, Primrose pork sausage, bologna sausage, liver sausage, tongue sausage, head cheese, Berlin ham, Primrose boiled ham sandwiches, Primrose bacon, Primrose butter, French fried potatoes (fried in Califene), cakes, baked with Califene, hot biscuits, baked with Califene, sandwiches, made from Pimiento cheese manufactured by Western Meat Company, Primrose eggs devilled, different classes of cheese sold by the company, coffee.

Dessert—Assorted apples, sold by Western Meat Company, oranges grown on land fertilized by Western Meat Company Gold Bear Fertilizer.

After the luncheon, the party were conducted throughout the entire plant, when the manufacturing end of the business was gone into very thoroughly.

The object of the visit to the plant by this party was to give them greater knowledge of the method and mode of manufacture, and to give them a closer insight into the products they handle, as well as bring them in closer touch with the plant end of the business, so that they in turn can give their customers a better idea of the manufacturing conditions under which the goods they sell are prepared.

The party left this city on the 5:13 train, and, after supper, attended in a body the Gaiety Theatre where a very enjoyable evening was spent.

SANTA CLAUS AT THE METHODIST CHURCH

The Sunday school Christmas exercises were held in the Methodist Church on Tuesday evening, December 23d. Every seat was occupied by the children and their friends. Nearly every child in the school had some part on the program of song, recitation, etc.

The pastor, Rev. C. N. Bertels, made a short address emphasizing the part the children were taking as witnesses for Christ. He also exhorted them on the side to be missionaries of the church, to bring their parents and friends to the regular services in the church.

The coming of the Saviour into the world as a babe is a fact which touches the hearts of children.

Santa Claus was on hand and gave each scholar a box of candy. All seemed happy with Christmas cheer.

TWO MEN DROWNED WHILE HUNTING DUCKS ON BAY

While hunting for ducks on the bay off this city last Saturday night, Charles Magendie of 4539 Bryant street, and Richard Hutchinson, hoseman on Fireboat No. 2, of San Francisco, were drowned by the capsizing of the boat loaned them by Henry Aylers, deputy marshal of Daly City. When Aylers came to this city Sunday morning to meet them, he discovered his boat overturned. A search revealed the bodies of the two men lying in the mud. Aylers secured the bodies and lashed them to some rocks on Belle Air Island after which he notified Coroner Plymire.

When Aylers left to find the coroner, the keeper of the South San Francisco lighthouse rowed to the island to bring the bodies to a spot from which the coroner could take them. Attempting to unlash the corpses he was accosted by a man and told to leave them alone. When Aylers told of his purpose the man said, "if Coroner Plymire wanted those bodies he could go out and get them himself."

He had just returned to solid ground when such a tempest broke over the water that it was impossible to get to the island, although many brave attempts were made by our local officers to do so. The bodies remained on the island until nine o'clock Monday morning when they were recovered. Later the coroner's jury gave a verdict of accidental drowning.

Magendie was the husband of Lizzie Magendie, father of Adele and the late Charles F. Magendie and son of the late Hippolyte Magendie, a native of Nevada, aged 28 years.

Hutchinson was a son of Harry and Mary Hutchinson and brother of Harry, George, Ruth, Lester, John, Alfred, Frederick, Clifford and Margaret Hutchinson, a native of Oakland, Cal., aged 23 years. A member of Bremerton Aerie, F. O. E.

A double funeral was held Wednesday from the parlors of McBrearty & McCormick, San Francisco, thence to St. Paul's Church, where a requiem high mass was held at 10 o'clock. Interment was at Holy Cross cemetery by electric funeral car.

NEWS TO MCGOVERN

This week's San Mateo Index published the following: "Dame Rumor has it that McGovern has changed his mind and will not run."

This item had reference to Dr. J. C. McGovern running for supervisor at a proposed recall election. A representative of The Enterprise interviewed the doctor yesterday and told him about the item. He replied, "That's the first I have heard of it."

For Sale—Three desirable lots, Nos 1, 2, 3, in Peck's Subdivision, facing San Bruno road. Terms reasonable. Inquire F. H. Pidcock, Hotel Hillside, San Francisco. Advt.

Lost—Small size tuff terrier, light brindle and white, uncropped; answers to name "Happy." Reward. J. J. Martin. Advt.

We have a stock and take orders for Gents' Furnishings and Xmas Novelties. Shapland's Tailoring Store. 216 Grand avenue. Advt.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Dave Martin of Fresno spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Martin. He will return Sunday.

Thanks to the vigilance of our local officers there was no show of rowdiness here during the Christmas season.

M. Shideck of fifth addition injured his right hand so seriously that he was compelled to seek medical attention.

George Mahoney and family of Petaluma were the guests of his mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Mahoney on Christmas.

Frank Josephs, who fell and received several severe wrenches while working at the Schaw-Batcher Pipe works, is rapidly recovering.

The reports from the local postoffice and Wells, Fargo Co. office show a vast increase of mail and express packages, both incoming and outgoing, over all previous years.

The employees of the local lumber company received a pleasant surprise Christmas eve when Manager A. P. Scott presented them with \$5 each and their pay up to that night.

A marriage license of interest to residents of this city was issued yesterday in San Francisco to Wm. T. Fairley, 30, Vancouver, B. C. and Grace E. Lane, 28, Redwood City.

At a coroner's inquest held Monday, at 4 p. m., the jury returned a verdict of death by electricity in the case of John Hughes, who met his death at the W. P. Fuller plant in this city.

The father, mother and three sisters of Dr. I. W. Keith of this city motored here from Modesto Tuesday to spend Christmas with the doctor and wife. Mr. Keith went home yesterday, but will return Monday.

Taking advantage of the new sign-up, effective to-morrow, four of the local carmen will transfer themselves to other runs operated by the United Railroads. Conductors LaRue and Barnett will still remain with us.

The Rinehart Lumber Co. of Sixteenth and Kentucky Streets, San Francisco, is hauling lumber in fourth addition to the corner of Elm and San Felipe avenues. The company is building cottages to sell on installment plan.

A man named E. P. Dunne was picked up by some automobilists on the new state highway near San Bruno and brought to the local hospital suffering with severe contusions and a fractured skull. It is thought that he fell or was blown by the strong wind on that day off the bicycle which he was riding.

Chas. Robinson, clerk of Camp No. 425, Woodmen of the World, informed a representative of The Enterprise this morning that he had received \$3000 to be turned over to Mrs. W. J. McCuen, whose husband was a member of that order prior to his death a short time ago. This is a prompt payment of a death benefit.

Last Monday night A. Cinelli summoned Night Watchman W. P. Acheson to his grocery store and reported that a robbery and taken place that day in a house occupied by three men. Acheson went to the house, but could obtain no clue left by the burglars. The robbed men reported the loss of three new suits of clothing, watches and \$150 in cash.

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

The Fraternal Brotherhood.

On December 10th the Angel of Death visited our little circle summoning to his eternal home our beloved brother, Joseph Mattle.

To express, though inadequately, our sorrow and sympathy, be it

Resolved, That through the death of Brother Joseph Mattle The Fraternal Brotherhood has lost an exemplary member, one who was ever true to his obligation, upholding by word and deed the principles of true fraternity;

Resolved, That the community has sustained an irreparable loss, as the good, kindly and pleasant disposition of our brother endeared him to all;

Resolved, That our heartfelt sympathy and condolence be extended to the bereaved mother, sisters and brother;

Resolved, That as a tribute to the memory of our brother, our charter be draped with a green wreath for thirty days;

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered upon the minutes of the lodge, printed in The Enterprise, and a copy sent to the bereaved family.

Viola R. Wood, A. A. Whitten, committee.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school, 10:30 a. m.
Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.
Prayer service, 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting Wednesday evening, 7:30 p. m.
Junior Epworth League, Friday 3:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.

NEW DAILY NEWSPAPER FOR SAN MATEO

The Times is authorized to announce that Bellisle and Bromfield will, on January 2d, begin the publication of a daily newspaper to be known as the San Mateo County News. They in addition will continue the publication of the Leader.—San Mateo Times.

GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The Christmas-Tide Service at Grace Episcopal Church, Grand avenue and Spruce street, will be held on Sunday, December 28th, at 11 o'clock. A cordial welcome extended to all. F. H. Church, pastor.

Notice to Ladies—I am closing out a line of millinery at low prices. Temporary location at Shapland's tailoring establishment, No. 216 Grand avenue. All kinds of millinery work done. Miss M. Shapland. Advt.

COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION NEWS

Issued upon authority of the San Mateo County Development Association:

The New Year's resolution of the San Mateo County Development Association is: "Lower Railroad Fares."

All is in readiness for the battle of reduced single and interstation rates down the Peninsula. At the last meeting of the board of governors of the San Mateo County Development Association, Seth Mann was retained to represent the residents of the county before the State Railroad Commission to present evidence as to why we are entitled to reduced fares.

A formal complaint will be filed with the railroad commission shortly after the new year. It is now being prepared by experts, who have made an exhaustive study of the transportation situation and declare that the prospects for an equitable adjustment of fares are bright.

This legal contest will probably settle once for all the rate difficulties which confront the people through the Southern Pacific Company. The matter will be thoroughly delved into by the State Railroad Commission upon the demand of the San Mateo County Development Association.

Statistics, covering all railroads that directly or even indirectly touch upon the local situation, have been compiled as evidence in this case.

While the task of gathering data is complex in the extreme, the experts have the information in simple and concise form, all of which is in the hands of Attorney Seth Mann ready for presentation before the Railroad Commission. The railroad fight is a long step in the right direction towards developing San Mateo county. The contest, now being waged, means money saved for practically every resident on the Peninsula. More than \$60,000, was saved to the people of this county this year, owing to the reduction in railroad fares, which were secured through the efforts and work of the San Mateo County Development Association.

The San Mateo County Development Association this week distributed eight gold medals won by exhibitors from this county at the recent big Land Show and Home Industry Exhibition. Following are the awards: Leslie Salt Refining Company, first prize for salt; G. Rognier, first prize antique vases in Pompeian stone; San Mateo county, most varied home industry exhibit; E. H. Rixford, meritorious exhibit of La Questa wine; The Schaw Batcher Pipe Company, steel pipe exhibit; Western Meat Company, meat products; Steiger Terra Cotta and Pottery Works, pottery ware; Standard Corrugated Pipe Company, corrugated pipe.

This is in addition to Henry Maier and the MacRorie-McLaren Company.

The Modern Way of Keeping House

Cooking with gas is the modern way of keeping house. Cooking with coal or wood means hot, hard, dirty work. And sometimes the stove won't "draw."

When you cook with gas there is no dirt, no trouble. The kitchen is always clean. Why not investigate "Pacific?"



"Pacific Service" is "Perfect Service"

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Men Who Have Succeeded

In business have done so through the proper use of a high percentage of their time, energy, ability and money. Men who have failed have gone down because of too much waste. This ought to suggest to both individuals and firms the advisability of a reserve fund in a strong interest-paying bank like this.

4% Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

Corner Grand and Linden Avenues

South San Francisco

California

South San Francisco

Railroad Time Table

Sept. 21, 1918.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:03 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:18 A. M.
7:42 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:04 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:24 A. M.
(Sunday only)
8:44 A. M.
9:23 A. M.
9:58 A. M.
11:23 A. M.
1:07 P. M.
3:04 P. M.
3:41 P. M.
5:14 P. M.
5:28 P. M.
7:28 P. M.
11:39 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

4:47 A. M.
6:47 A. M.
8:28 A. M.
10:58 A. M.
11:58 A. M.
1:37 P. M.
2:29 P. M.
(Except Sunday)
3:17 P. M.
4:37 P. M.
5:23 P. M.
(Except Sunday)
5:58 P. M.
6:47 P. M.
8:27 P. M.
10:22 P. M.
12:02 P. M.
(Theater Train)

LOOP SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:18 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

6:25 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.
North, 8:03 a. m.
South, 11:57 a. m.
North, 12:13 p. m.
South, 2:18 p. m.
North, 3:41 p. m.
North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.
North, 11:57 a. m.
South, 12:13 p. m.
North, 2:18 p. m.
South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—F. A. Cunningham (President), Thos. L. Hickey, G. W. Holston, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder.....Wm. Rehberg
Attorney.....J. W. Coleberd
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson
BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, Chas. Robinson, E. N. Brown.

County Officials

Judge Superior Court.....G. H. Buck
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....A. McSweeney
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....H. O. Helner
Sheriff.....J. H. Mansfield
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Coroner and Public Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace.....E. C. Johnson
John F. Davis
Constables.....Jas. C. Wallace
J. H. Parker

Postmaster.....E. E. Cunningham

TOWN PLANNING;
WHAT IT MEANSA Civic Awakening Among
Communities.

THE IDEAL COMMUNITY.

Town Planning Means the Guidance and Control of Community Building to Insure Social Efficiency—It Means That the Ideal Town of Yesterday Can Be Built Today.

As all evils must sooner or later find their remedy, so our abhorrent methods of city building are finding their remedy in the development of the town planning idea. Town planning means the guidance and control of community building and rebuilding with a view to insuring the highest degree of human and social efficiency and the conservation of all human resources. Communities are built for the people and not people for communities. The cities and towns should therefore be laid out and developed so as to serve the interests of the people. Parks, playgrounds, proper homes, transportation, water supply, amusement centers, art galleries, schools, museums, etc., are essentials of civilized community life. The town and city planner must co-ordinate these essentials and so humanize his plans as to embrace the highest ideals of present community development backed by a community patriotism that will stand the test of the highest standard of social well being.

The cost of community planning may be measured in dollars and cents, but a more accurate measurement is to be found in the rate of infant mortality and the daily deaths and the amount of ill health and crime that we must suffer and pay for. The well planned garden cities of England and Germany are teaching us the lesson that health, morals and industrial efficiency are possible of control by proper community planning. Statistics show us that density of population goes hand in hand with frequency of deaths, sickness and crime. On every side we find overwhelming evidence of the value of proper community planning and development and the growing desire for better living conditions among the people. The diagnosis is made, the remedy—town planning—is known and we shall pay a well deserved penalty if we do not apply it.

There is present in every stratum of population an all embracing civic awakening which affects both men and women. Discontent with the present order is everywhere pregnant with great promises for the future. Democracy in its broadest interpretation is taking the place of bureaucracy and plutocracy, while political parties are coming to represent true public sentiment and interest, where partisanship based upon a spoils system is being relegated to the junk heap of social inefficiency. The women are taking a large share of the social burden that social inefficiency has created in the past, and they should be among the first to realize the importance of suburbanizing the wage earner and restoring to him the right to a proper home located in fitting surroundings and related to the community in a way that will make his or her presence in the community count for its full value.

Town planning deals with the distribution and arrangement of building land so as to avoid congestion. It deals with the location of shops and factories so as to make them more accessible and yet unobjectionable to the home districts in which the wage earners must live. Community planning deals with transportation and street development so as to provide the greatest facility of distribution of population, accessibility to the industrial and social centers and easy access to food markets necessary to insure a proper standard of living on a moderate income. Town planning deals with sewage systems, water supply, waste disposal systems, so as to insure the greatest protection of the health of the people, while it concerns itself with the distribution of churches, schools, parks and playgrounds, so as to give every man, woman and child an opportunity to develop spiritually, intellectually and physically.

The distribution and development of civic centers are the last but not the least of the functions of town planning, and the presence or absence of these centers determines success or failure of a plan.

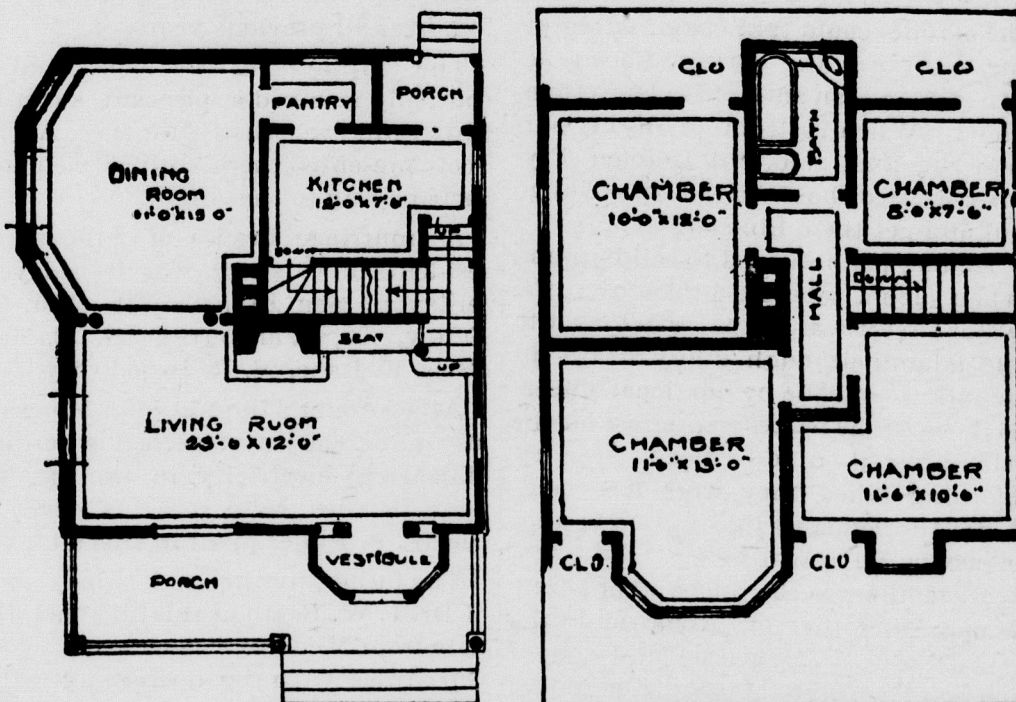
These are large claims, but they are

A SIMPLE COLONIAL COTTAGE.

Design 779, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

This well arranged cottage is made attractive by a piazza across the front, large living room and a very good sized dining room. Pantry between the dining room and kitchen. Combination stairway and open fireplace in living room. Four chambers, large closets and good bathroom on second floor. Full basement under entire house. First story, 9 feet; second story, 8 feet. Birch or maple floors throughout; birch or red oak finish in first story; pine to paint in second story. Cost to build \$2,200, exclusive of heating and plumbing.

faithful to the facts. The large cities present an opportunity for reconstruction, for palliative town planning, while the younger cities and towns have the open country before them, little to rebuild and readjust and a great advantage over the congested city slums which they have now the opportunity to condemn to everlasting death by their superior living advantages and their free opportunity for shaping their future growth to meet future as well as present needs.

The utopian city of yesterday can be built today, and the future will blame us or praise us as we realize, as realize we can, the practical ideals that science and art and a living democracy make possible this day.

PLAN TO BEAUTIFY PARIS.

A Scheme to Place a Ring of Gardens Around the City.

Great interest has been aroused by a gigantic scheme for the beautification of Paris, which M. Delaney, prefect of the Seine, has submitted to the Paris municipal council.

Under the scheme congestion would be relieved by demolishing many blocks of houses around the St. Lazare railway station, the Halles, the Temple quarter, the Faubourg du St. Honore, the Faubourg du Montmartre, the Rue St. Denis, the Rue de Richelieu and the Rue de Clugny. But the most interesting feature of the prefect's plan is the suggestion that all the suburbs around Paris be linked up by a chain of broad avenues and pleasure gardens which would follow the circle of twenty forts just outside the city.

The demolition of these fortifications, which has been regarded as a means of preventing the stifling of Paris, would give M. Delaney further scope for providing "lungs," and in place of the useless walls there would be a ring of gardens, squares and parks.

The extension when complete would enrich Paris with approximately 1,800 acres over and above the 5,000 acres of woodland existing in the suburbs, the 500 acres of promenades within the city and the 270 acres of gardens, representing altogether 5 per cent more open space than in the county of London.

CLEANING STONE WALKS.

How to Make Cobblestone Paths and Driveways Look Better.

In some sections cobblestones are becoming so uncommon and in such demand that they are "mined" or taken in whole or part from beneath the soil. These too often are soil stained to an extent that largely spoils their natural beauty.

Sand blasts are most effective in cleaning such stones, but if this method is not practical a washing with commercial murlatic acid will prove quite satisfactory. After washing clean with acid, if an etched or bush-hammer surface is not desired, the rocks should be washed with a 10 per cent solution of carbonate of soda and finally rinsed with clean water.

TO IMPROVE COPLEY SQUARE

It Is Proposed to Eliminate an Offending Street in Boston.

The general unattractiveness of Copley square in Boston has been attributed to the way a diagonal street is laid out at a bad line across it, cutting it in an irregular, unsymmetrical way into two small triangles. In order to improve the appearance of the location Mayor Fitzgerald has petitioned the legislature to allow the street commissioners to eliminate the street.

On one side of the square is the Boston public library, on another the new Plaza hotel, on another Phillips Brooks' old church and on a corner of the fourth is the new Old South church. It is thus one of Boston's civic centers already.

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San Mateo County, California

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COTTAGES
FOR SALE OR RENT

APPLY TO

South San Francisco Land & Improvement Co

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the city of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

NEXT TIME

YOU BAKE---

USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year, in advance.....\$2 00
Six Months ".....1 00
Three Months ".....50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1913

WE WISH OUR READERS A VERY HAPPY NEW YEAR



Congressman W. W. Bailey of Pennsylvania has introduced a bill in the house providing for the extension of the free delivery mail service to all towns in the United States with a population exceeding 1000 which are not entitled under existing laws to such delivery. The Enterprise believes this measure a very good one and will go more fully into its merits in next week's issue.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

There is this advantage about being poor: Some people may think you are honest.

A new dance is called the "hesitation waltz." Better hesitate a long time before you take it up, Hortense.

There are lots of well informed men in this country who do not know that an oyster cocktail is not a fancy drink.

The strangest thing about the tango is why anybody would want to dance that way without getting paid for it.

Does anybody happen to know the name of the White House cow under this administration.

You can pay a caddy when you play golf, and you feed the kitty when you play poker but otherwise there is no similarity between the games.

A witty comment of President Cleveland on the American girl is recorded in "The Memoirs of Li Hung Chang." When the famous Chinaman was in New York he was talking with President Cleveland about wives in China and America:

"The president was seeking enlightenment, and so was I. He laughed heartily when I told him that if he were president of China he would have, as he has here, but one wife in full legal status, but that undoubtedly he would also possess a secondary wife in each province or perhaps more. 'No, no,' he said, the tears of laughter running down his cheeks. 'But, come to think of it,' he continued, 'it takes a man capable of managing sixteen or eighteen Chinese women to govern one American girl.'"

'That was a long while ago. The men now let the girls govern them.

ABOLISH THE JURY SYSTEM

Attorney John D. Willard believes the jury system should be reformed and he has given the following statement of his views on the subject

"Trial by jury should be abolished in all civil cases. The present jury system grew up under social and industrial conditions entirely different from those which prevail at present and at a time when law suits were few and the time required to try them was short. Under those conditions it was no detriment to the community for twelve men to be occasionally taken from their labors for a short time to determine the right in some petty business dispute.

As the jury knew nothing about the rules of law, the lawyers and judges became jealous of any encroachment by the jury upon the province of the professionally trained lawyer and, as a result, a multitude of technical rules as to what evidence should be considered by the jury was forced into the judicial system. It was and is the lawyers' idea that as soon as any hearsay testimony is heard in court, or any other testimony which is not simon-pure evidence, the jurors, out of their natural perverseness, will be sure to decide the case upon this improper evidence. Hence the struggle of the lawyers and the courts to keep the jury from hearing anything but unobjectionable evidence and hence the necessity of reversing cases when any improper evidence happens to come to the ears of the jury. Nearly all of the bothersome technical rules of practice involved in the trial of a case have been developed by the legal profession for the sole purpose of keeping a strict control over the jury.

If all civil cases were tried by a court of three judges, the occasion for reversing cases upon appeal would be largely obviated. These three lawyer-judges would not decide a case upon any improper or illegal evidence, even though such evidence might creep in. The time consumed in objecting and wrangling over the admissibility of evidence at a trial would be saved.

The legal presumption is that a judge decides a case only upon proper evidence and the direct way to get the benefit of this rule, and thus overcome technical objections, is to have a trial court composed of judges. This court, composed of three judges, ought to be able to try a case with legal accuracy, and after the trial and judgment if the dissatisfied party could point out to the court any matter in which a mistake had been made the court could at once amend the judgment to conform with what it should have been, provided they should conclude that a mistake had been made. If this mistake consisted in excluding evidence which should have been admitted the court could at once admit the excluded evidence and then rehear the case.

Aside from establishing a new and better system for the trial of civil cases such a trial court as advocated would save the expense now involved in maintaining a cumbersome and archaic jury system, would expedite trials and largely do away with the delays of the law, and also save the time of citizens who are now forced, at great personal inconvenience and injury to business, to give their time every now and then to jury service.

In my opinion the greatest injustice of the present system is to the jurors. There seems to be no conceivable ground upon which can be defended the outrageous practice of forcing a juror away from his business without reasonable notice to give his valuable time to settling financial disputes between litigants to whom the juror is under no obligation whatever. The whole matter of civil litigation is purely a business matter and should be settled along business lines without injury to or imposition on members of the community in no wise involved.

Our jury system should be speedily reformed and it is to be hoped that all public spirited citizens will set themselves to the task without delay and put through needed reforms.

NEW YEAR'S FRATERNAL LETTER

(BY HARRY EDWARDS.)

Said a great fraternalist, "I expect to pass through this world but once. Any good therefore that I can do, or any kindness that I can show to any fellow being, let me do it now, let me not defer or neglect it, for I shall not pass this way again."

1913 will soon be a year in history. Memory will for a time be active, but the year cannot be recalled. 1914 is almost with us. Let each member of our local orders get a smile that fits him, and may he wear it all the time, for we predict that 1914 will be a banner year.

The principles for which we stand may be said to be, Freedom, Equality and Fraternity, like a three-fold cord, binding us together in our chosen fraternities, the trinity that will eventually become the principles of humanity, and will be the cornerstones, on which will be reared the future commonwealth embracing the world in its folds. The great advance of these principles during the year 1913 lead us to hope that the new year which we are nearing will show even greater advancement, along these lines. Every fraternal order practically endorses these principles, and when we consider the vast army connected with these orders, outnumbering the armed guards of the world, including those who on ships afloat are defending the flags under which they sail. No wonder that the good ship earth is in a better position than ever before to fly its pennant at the masthead successfully. Time or space in these columns would fail to tell of the splendid victories obtained during the passing year. Locally we have been very successful with the outer world. The quiet influence seems to have been more effective than all the noise that could have been brought forth. The teachings of fraternal orders have had and will continue to have their effect upon the community. The time is near when it will be no longer necessary to ask our friends to come to us. They will follow us into our chosen fraternities. The fact that slander runs faster than truth in speaking of others, the various orders are making it a point in their newly framed laws in advising their members that if you cannot speak well of a man say nothing. It would be well to put into our individual creed this one thing I do, "If I cannot speak well of a man, I will not speak ill of him."

The expressions of appreciation which has come to us during the passing year has lightened the burden formerly carried. The younger members taking up the work, as though to the manner born, dedicating themselves to the accepted principles of fraternalism, a bright future is in store.

The various fraternal orders should thank the proprietors of The Enterprise for the liberal space freely given to those who occupy the fraternal columns, in advancing the interests of the various orders, and enabling us to advocate from time to time the principles for which we stand.

The true fraternalist recognizes the universal brotherhood of man. His heart goes out in sympathy to the unfortunate and oppressed. He reaches out his hand to lighten his brother's burden. His eye moistens to the cry of the widow and orphan. To him each man is but a traveler on the pathway of life, a runner whose goal is reached must set aside all he has gained, all wealth, title, pomp and power, and must appear in the same garb, upon the same plane, before the Eternal Judge. Then let us make the best of life's short day, by doing our level best to remove all obstruction from the pathway of others, cultivate love for your fellowmen. If you have this under your vest, it can be produced on sight, and thus the silver lining to the cloud is recognized.

In conclusion, I take this opportunity to extend to the officers and members of the various fraternal orders my heartfelt thanks for honors conferred, for the kind and considerate manner in which they have at all times assisted me in fulfilling the duties assigned me.

May the principles of our fraternities grow and prosper, may they become more universally adopted, and finally may we be known as a fraternity of men.

I wish you one and all a happy and prosperous new year.

CUSTER & MARTIN

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\$3000—A1, on Boulevard at Millbrae.
\$6000—Home in South San Francisco.
\$9000—Ranch near Stockton, 20 acres. Will trade for South San Francisco property.
\$3500—Ranch of 23 acres, 25 miles from Stockton. Will trade for South San Francisco property.
\$2800—House, lot 50x100, in San Bruno, \$20 a month.
\$2000—Richardson home, lot 50x100, water tank and engine, \$20 a month.
\$1800—100x100, Jevvein and San Mateo avenues, easy terms.
\$1350—Larsen cottage, lot 50x80, \$13 a month.
\$2250—Hansen home, on State Highway, 5 rooms, lot 50x100, \$25 a month.
\$1000—Robinson cottage, in Belle Air, \$12 a month.

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"The Hub"

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Special prices now prevail at this store for Holiday Goods. Get busy and come and see them.

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South San Francisco

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Western Fullers Earth Company will be held at its office, No. 1 Drumm Street, Fifth Building, Room 203, in San Francisco, San Francisco County, California, Thursday, January 15, 1914, at 3 p. m. to elect directors for the ensuing year and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

J. O. SNYDER, President.
ANDREW HYNDING, Secretary. 12-20-3t

A Nice Christmas Gift



These Corsets are made to order, \$3.50 and up



This is the Nu Bone Corset Stay. Guaranteed not to rust or break. Also washable.
L. M. PFLUGER, San Bruno, Cal.
Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno Crossing, or send a postal for information.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

ENTERPRISE subscribers are requested to notify this office immediately if they do not receive their papers promptly each week

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

San Mateo County, Cal., Dec. 10th, 1913.

Sealed bids will be received by the clerk of the Board of Supervisors of San Mateo County, at his office, until 10 o'clock a. m. MONDAY, December 23rd, 1913, for the grading of the southern bank of San Pedro creek, known as Station 0+00, Route 2, Division 3, Section 1 of San Mateo county highways, in the First Road District of San Mateo county, and extending in a general southerly direction to a point where the center line of Drake street intersects the center line of Cedar street in the town of Montara, said point being known as Station 218+7.25, Route 2, Division 3, Section 2 of San Mateo county highways, in the Fourth Road District of San Mateo county, California.

Specifications for this work are on file in the office of the clerk of said Board, to which bidders are hereby referred. All bids must be made upon blank form, to be obtained at the county surveyor's office of said county, at Redwood City; must give the prices proposed, both in writing and figures, and must be signed by the bidder, with his address.

The bid is to be accompanied by a certified check or to ten (10) per cent of the total of the bid, upon the condition that if said bid shall be accepted, the party bidding will duly enter into the contract and faithfully perform his contract in accordance with his bid, and the plans and specifications. Such check to be made payable to said county of San Mateo.

A common law bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract in such sum as shall be fixed by the said board of Supervisors after the bids are opened: said sum shall not be less than one fourth (1/4), and not more than one half (1/2) of the estimated amount of the contract; and a further bond of a sum equal to one-half (1/2) of the estimated amount of the contract must be furnished as required by the terms of an act entitled "An act to secure the payment of the claims of material-men, mechanics, or laborers, employed by contractors, upon State, municipal, or other public works" approved March 27, 1897, and acts amendatory thereof.

The contractor to whom the contract may be awarded to ten (10) per cent of the total of the bid, upon the condition that if said bid shall be accepted, the party bidding will duly enter into the contract and faithfully perform his contract in accordance with his bid, and the plans and specifications. Such check to be made payable to said county of San Mateo.

Bids must be enclosed in a sealed envelope, addressed to the clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and must be endorsed, "Bids for Grading County Road from San Pedro creek to Montara."

The Board of Supervisors reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated, December 10, 1913.

JOS. H. NASH,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors,
of the County of San Mateo.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

FRANCIS DRAKE LODGE,

No. 376, F. & A. M.,
meets at Metropolitan
Hall first Friday every
month for Stated meetings.
E. P. KAUFFMANN, Master.
J. G. WALKER, Secretary.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LODGE, No. 850, THE FRATERNAL BROTHERHOOD, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall.

MARY E. BOHN, President.
VIOLA R. WOOD, Secretary.

TIPPECANOE TRIBE No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome.

B. BAGGENSTOS, Sachem.
G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

SOUTH CITY AERIE No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. T. C. MCGOVERN, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

SAN MATEO LODGE, No. 7, JOURNEYMEN BUTCHERS, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m. PETER LIND, President. J. E. SULLIVAN, Secretary.

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Standard Price Goods

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No Wind or Weather

Can harm the complexion, treated with our soaps, creams and face powders. For they give health, vigor and daintiness to the skin, removing all dirt, all effects of sun, wind or rain. To use them is to assure the performance of every woman's duty, which is to look and to stay beautiful.

SOUTH CITY PHARMACY,

San Bruno South San Francisco
Phone Main 162 Phone Main 82



EUGENIC LAW IS GIVEN BAD JOLT

Marriage Ceremony Is Not Necessary in Wisconsin

The Wisconsin eugenic marriage law, which will go into effect January 1st, and which has created a statewide discussion, received a severe blow when Horace B. Walmsley, an attorney, issued a statement that a marriage ceremony in Wisconsin was unnecessary, and therefore the eugenic measure was useless.

"All that is required in this State is that two persons who are not married at the time agree to accept each other as mates," said Walmsley. "No service is necessary, and the physical examination required by the late law cannot be enforced."

The contention of Walmsley is based on a decision of the State Supreme Court of April 8, 1913. The decision says that any man or woman not married at the time may make a legal and valid contract of marriage without any license, medical examination, priest, clergyman or magistrate. All that is required is that two persons agree to take each other as man and wife, and begin to live together in that relation.

No written statement nor witnesses are required, but the Court suggested that for the benefit of both parties it would be well to sign an agreement as follows:

"The persons who have signed this paper on this day take each other for husband and wife, being then in the State of Wisconsin and they beginning to live together as such husband and wife."

The Court also suggested that there be duplicate copies of the agreement. Then, if either party wishes the paper to be made a record with the Registrar of Deeds, all that is necessary is to have two witnesses sign it, pay a notary public 25 cents, and the whole thing is accomplished, despite the laws requiring licenses, physical examinations and clergymen.

The discovery has thrown the eugenic supporters into a state of uncertainty.

WILSON SIGNS THE CURRENCY MEASURE

President Wilson signed the Glass-Owen currency bill in the presence of the members of his Cabinet, the Congressional committees on Banking and Currency, and the Democratic leaders in Congress generally. With a few strokes of the pen the President converted into law the measure to be known as the Federal reserve act, reorganizing the nation's banking and currency system and furnishing, in the words of the President, "the machinery for free and elastic and uncontrolled credits, put at the disposal of the merchants and manufacturers of this country for the first time in fifty years."

The event came at the close of a day of rejoicing in the national capital, for Congress has recessed for two weeks for the first time since it convened last April. The Democratic leaders were jubilant because they had completed two big pieces of legislation—the tariff and the currency reform—in nine months, a performance which they considered unprecedented in the history of the country.

While the wires from Washington tell of the complaints of the express companies of a dull Christmas season this year, it has been necessary to engage several hundred extra clerks at the San Francisco Postoffice to aid the regular force in handling the tremendous volume of parcel post mail that passes through the office. During the busiest hours a force of 500 clerks is now on duty, and must work hard to keep up with the holiday rush, whereas ordinarily only from 150 to 200 men are required during the rush hours. In addition to the extra inside force, more than 100 special mail carriers have been put to work during the Christmas season.

Feeble efforts have been made to arrange holiday festivities in Mexico City this year, but the merchants have made little effort to capture the holiday money. Sentiment has dulled the buying spirit, and war has drained the money bags. As a people the Mexicans are impoverished. Merchants who had placed orders early in the year with European toy houses have generally canceled them because of the increased duty on all importations. Such shop windows as are decorated with holiday goods this year contain only the left-over goods of a year ago.

CRATERS SPOUTED FIRE AND LAVA

Suddenness of Eruption Caught Thousands Unaware

Incoming steamers bring terrible details of the recent volcanic eruptions on the island of Ambir, in the New Hebrides group, in which 500 natives lost their lives. Witnesses of the disturbance describe it as having been so sudden and violent that they expected to see the whole western side of the island disappear.

With a terrific roar, which was followed by a rapid succession of artillery-like detonations, all six craters of the volcano entered into full activity, spouting flames and lava and throwing out huge bowlders. Great streams of lava soon were rushing down the slopes, cutting off the villagers from escape. In one instance two torrents of the molten mass joined and made an island of one entire section of the village. Here fifty or sixty persons perished.

The scenes at night were awe-inspiring. Flames shot into the air to a height of a thousand feet, illuminating the whole scene of destruction. The ocean seemed to boil as huge superheated masses of stone fell into the sea and streams of lava poured into the bay. Dust from the craters gradually formed a black cloud, which blotted out the light of the stars.

The bay after the eruption was filled with dead fish and large numbers of dead turtles. The water in the river was hot.

The British hospital buildings were wiped out of existence, but previous to their destruction the doctors pluckily removed all the patients to a launch and escaped with them.

COOK YOUR PORK TO AVOID DISEASE

To prevent the spread of trichinosis, a dread disease little known to the American people, the Department of Agriculture has issued a warning against the consumption of raw or uncooked pork products, which are said to be the source of the malady. In many districts of the country, particularly in sections with large foreign populations, the statement said, large quantities of pork are consumed in the Christmas season, resulting frequently in cases of seriously impaired health, if not in fatalities.

The department asserts that in November and December, 1911, there were fifty-eight cases of trichinosis that terminated fatally in one California community. In each instance the disease was traced to uncooked sausage. Other outbreaks of the disease, with many fatalities, are cited.

The disease is caused by a parasite or worm, microscopic in size, found in hog flesh, and there is no known effective method of treatment. Statistics based upon inspections by Government scientists for nine years show that 1.41 per cent of the 8,000,000 hogs examined were infected with trichinosis.

Although strong protests were made by the Roman Catholic Archbishop, the Cemeteries Protective Association, the Outdoor Art League and the California Patriotic Association, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors finally passed the ordinance closing Laurel Hill, Calvary, Masonic and Odd Fellows' cemeteries, and providing for the removal of the remains therein. Garret McEnerney appeared for the Archbishop, and called attention to the fact that the removal of the 50,000 bodies in Calvary Cemetery at \$15 each would cost \$150,000, for which the Archbishop, as holder of title to the cemetery property, would be responsible. He stated that 146,000 bodies still remain in the four cemeteries.

The great guiding landmarks of a wise life are indeed few and simple—to do our duty, to avoid useless sorrow, to acquiesce patiently in the inevitable.

CALIFORNIA INVENTORS.

The following patents were just issued to California clients reported by D. Swift & Co., patent lawyers, Washington, D. C., who will furnish copies of any patent for ten cents apiece to our readers:

William Adams, San Francisco, chandelier; Karl Bruchsalter, San Francisco, insulator; David A. Clark, Capay, insect excluding attachment for buildings; William L. Corson, San Francisco, gasifier for liquid fuels; Louis A. Fitzer, Los Angeles, electric water purifier; E. A. Fountain, Pasadena, telescopic bib cock; William A. Granger, Watsonville, brake and attachment; George W. Henning, San Jose, voting machine; William R. Kleckner; Cowell, device for applying substances to trees, shrubs and vines; Edward C. Latchem, Oakland; centrifugal ore concentrator.

A FINE TREAT FOR OUR SUBSCRIBERS 1914 POCKET DIARY

We take pleasure in announcing that any of our readers can secure a 96-page 1914 diary, free of charge by sending a two-cent stamp, the actual postage, to D. Swift & Co., patent lawyers, Washington, D. C. The diary is bound in a pretty stiff red cover, contains ninety-six pages, note spaces for the 365 days of 1914, a calendar for 1914, and 1915; states the popular vote given by each state for Wilson, Roosevelt and Taft, also the political division of each state in the United States senate and house of representatives, the population of each state in 1900 and 1910; the population of about six hundred of the largest cities in the United States, a synopsis of business laws, patent laws, and much other useful information.

HE JUST HAD TO SAY IT.

It Wasn't His Fault He Was Forced to Tell the Truth.

There is a true story about Rolland, the great electrician. Rolland had a fine opinion of himself, as have many competent men. After he had finished a hard task years ago for a big company, he sent his bill to the president. It was a good bill—for \$10,000. It wasn't long before a check came, but it was a check for only one-half the amount, and with it was a note saying that doubtless a mistake had been made. It angered Rolland to think that any one should estimate his services at \$5,000. He returned the check with a message that an error certainly had been made, as the president had suspected, and that the bill should be \$25,000. Of course payment was refused and in time, as was inevitable, suit began. The great Joseph Choate examined Rolland.

"Upon what grounds," he demanded of the witness, "do you base this exorbitant charge of \$25,000 for your services as electrician?"

"Upon the ground," replied Rolland, "that I am the greatest electrician in the world."

Choate was astonished, and every one in the courtroom presumably shared the feeling. When Rolland left the stand a friend accosted him gravely. "Oh, that was awful, Rolland!" said he. "That was terribly conceited to say you were the greatest electrician in the world."

"I know it was," replied Rolland. "It certainly was, and I felt like a cad sitting up there saying it; but, hang it, man, I was under oath."—American Magazine.

The Squirrel's Vacation.

"Hurrah for vacation!"
Cried Squirrelle Grey.
"Now is the time
For wood folk to play."

"A round summer house
I built in a tree.
I roofed it with oak leaves
As neat as could be."

"My five furry babies
I tended with care.
One took a prize
At the last forest fair."

"My acorns and chestnuts
Are all stored away.
Many a meal
For a cold, stormy day."

"And now 'tis vacation!
Come, wood folk, and play!
Hurrah for some fun!"
Shouted Squirrelle Grey.

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To suit your taste, and built on the installment plan
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Attention Given to All Kinds of Carpenter Work.

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To the Laborer and the Investor

Do you know that South San Francisco real estate is the best investment in California to-day? Buy a few lots now and you will soon be in the well-to-do class. See us about building. We can save you money.

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Real Estate and Fire Insurance

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SHOP EARLY

Do your Christmas shopping at Schneider's where you will find a splendid assortment of Holiday Goods.

A Few Suggestions for Ladies—

Handkerchiefs in Holiday Boxes	Silk Scarfs	25c to \$1.50
Leather Hand Bags	Toilet Sets	\$1.50 to \$5.00
	Felt House Slippers	75c to \$1.50

For Gentlemen—

Combination Sets in Holiday Boxes—Necktie and Socks	Holeproof Socks, all colors, guaranteed	\$1.50 box of six pair
Suspenders	Black Silk Reefer Mufflers	75c to \$2.50
Fancy Arm Bands	Silk Four-in-Hand Ties	25c, 50c, \$1.00

SCHNEIDER'S FOR TOYS

Large No. 2 Coasters, heavy wheels	Mechanical Toys	25c up
Velocipedes, No. 1	Story Books	5c to 50c
Doll Buggies	Games of all kinds	5c to \$1.00
Dolls, a large Assortment	A large assortment of other toys too numerous to mention.	

Large Doll and Coaster will be given away New Year's Day

W. C. SCHNEIDER

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To New Orleans in 3 Days

Connecting at New Orleans with Southern Pacific Atlantic Steamship Lines and Fast Daily Express Trains for New York and the East.

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Expert Hair Cutting, Hot
Baths, Razors Honed

—AT—
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

For the Children

Two Little Girls
Posing in the Snow.

Photo by American Press Association.

Winter is a jolly season for little people, even if grown folks don't seem to care much about cold and snow. Children have the happy faculty of enjoying whatever season it happens to be, for each has its special games and sports. Springtime brings the flowers, summer for picnics, boating and bathing, autumn is the season for nut gathering, but when Jack Frost comes is the best time of all. Sleds and skates and sleigh rides are but a few of the joys of winter. Warmly clad in cold defying garments, it is a pleasure just to play in the snow. Snowballing and snow houses interest the boys and many girls as well. It is fun, too, to wander in the fields or parks after a fresh fall of snow and note the tracks of beast and bird. Take it altogether, old Boreas is a friend of the little folk. The two girls pictured in winter array are the Misses Arpene and Ardus Tavshanjian of New York city. They were playing in the park when the photographer happened along.

Game of Plum Pudding.

The players sit at a table with a plate on it to represent a plum pudding. A tin plate is best as being light and unbreakable. Each player takes the name of some article of food or something used at dinner. One tells a story about a plum pudding and when he utters the name spins the plate and mentions some other dish. The person who has taken that name instantly gives the plate another twirl and continues the story, spinning the plate when it begins to slow down until he names another player, who must catch the plate before it falls, keep it twirling and go on with the story.

Plum pudding must be brought into each story and its continuation and the plate never allowed to fall. The story may be like this: "It was Christmas, and we were all at my grandmother's house. She let me help her order the dinner. Of course there was a plum pudding (spin the plate) of great size, and we all liked it better than mince pie." Mince pie must then catch the spinning plate, give it a fresh impetus and go on with the story: "In which they showed bad taste, I think, for, while mince pies are fine at Christmas, I should prefer plum pudding to roast chestnuts." Roast chestnuts seizes the plate and goes on: "Yes, but they are for dessert. I think plum pudding would be better than cranberry tart." And so the game goes on till all are tired or wits give out.

Any one letting the plate fall or failing to continue the story pays a forfeit or leaves the game, as arranged beforehand.

Some Animals in Winter.

During the autumn all kinds of bears become very fat in consequence of the ample feasts they make in preparation for passing the cold and inhospitable months of winter. When they have prepared their winter quarters they cease feeding and remain through the winter in a dull, lethargic state. Some kinds of animals that hide away in winter are not sound asleep all of the time. The blood moves a little, and when it is mild they wake up enough to eat. The curious thing is that they know this beforehand and lay something to eat close by them when they go into winter quarters. But those that do not wake up do not lay up food. The little field mouse stores up nuts and grain and eats them when he is partly awake on a warm day. The bat does not need to do this, for the warmth that awakens him brings out the insects on which he feeds. When he is going to sleep again he hangs himself up by his hind claws. The woodchuck lays up dried grasses beside him so that they may be ready the first thing when he awakens in the spring, that he may eat and be strong before he comes out of his hole.

Milady's
Mirror

Tango For Grace and Beauty.

Do you dance the tango? Of course you do if you make any pretense at being in the fashion, and if you have not as yet perfected all the intricate steps of the dance at least you must practice daily its marvelous gyrations. For the tango has come to stay. It is the dance of the hour.

And the tango craze is not limited to dancing only. It has even spread to millinery realms, where tango hats and tango veils are now claiming feminine attention. Tango red, too, is the most popular shade of the moment.

Hostesses also who want to be popular attach the word tango to any entertainment they may be giving, and the success of their party is assured from the first. Tango teas, tango dinners and even tango luncheons and breakfasts are all up to date forms of entertainment, showing just how far the craze has spread.

In Paris they say the tango is—but perhaps you've heard. Those exhibitions of it seen in New York are highly respectable. If your partner were stuffed with fireworks you could not treat her with deeper respect and discretion.

Another word—you must never forget to hold on to the A in tango as long as though you had forgotten for the moment what came next.

If you ever had any hesitation about taking up the new dance you need hesitate no longer, for now we have the word of a well known physical culturist that the tango is the very best sort of a tonic for good health. For the tango, properly danced, according to this authority, brings almost every muscle of the body into play.

If the people who are out of training would devote a half hour each day to the dance they would keep in good condition and feel all the healthier for the exercise. This applies to older men and women particularly, and, by the way, it is astonishing to find that the new dance has many devotees among the middle aged and even the old.

"I have more pupils over fifty years of age learning to dance the tango than under that age," says a well known dancing teacher. "The reason? Well, it is a great rejuvenator, and every one wants to keep young."

Of course every debutante who expects to be a success is taught the tango quite as a matter of course. This is easily acquired by a talented damsel, but what about her less talented and less leisured partner?

Bitter complaints are heard on every side. The girls have learned the tango, the men have not—the majority, at any rate—and there arises the spectacle of the distracted hostess wringing her hands over the nonappearance of the sterner sex, who are unable to master the intricacies of the new dance.

To watch the tango as danced by experts is a delight; to attempt it yourself, when you are uncertain of the figures, when you seem to have twice your usual complement of feet and a fatal attraction for the toe of your partner's slipper, is no unmixed pleasure.

The Highroad to Good Looks.

The girl who is taught by her mother, in practice as well as by theory, that it is more disgraceful to appear with a soiled collar or a bodice disfigured with perspiration or creased from lack of a little pressing; with hands grimy and gloves stiff from overlong use without being cleaned; with shoes run down at heel, unpollished and with buttons gone or laces untied, than to miss a lesson in mathematics or the lost languages, creates the impression of being handsome or, at the least, attractive wherever she appears. If time is lacking to give much attention to these things and have what is known as a "good time" let an hour of the good time go while these important, if infinitesimal, duties are carefully performed.

There are degrees in cleanliness, although there should not be, but many think it very troublesome to attend to the hair, for example, twisting it up any way, ruining it with curling irons, plastering it with pomades, going to bed with rats and switches and pins until the abused scalp takes the method of revenge most humiliating by causing the hair to fall by the comb; also do such people object to the few moments required for daily attention to the nails, the hands, the teeth and, more particularly, to the careful airing of the bodice worn the day before. This is hung in a closed closet

World Noted Sculptors Produce
Marvels In the Plastic ArtSuperb Decorative Statuary Fast Assuming
Form at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition

PRODIGIOUS works of sculpture are now being completed in the sculptural warehouses of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. Many of them have already long been finished. The works are remarkable for their imagery and vigor and for the beauty of their conception.

Not for many years will the world be enabled to enjoy so marvelous a collection of the works of contemporary sculptors. The World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago first proved that the greatest talent might be employed to produce even work of temporary value. Since then more and more attention has been given at each succeeding exposition to sculpture as a form of decoration, and now the Panama-Pacific International Exposition promises to surpass even Chicago's exquisite display.

Viewing the superb groups and individual pieces of statuary, the visitor feels like a Lilliputian who has been transported into a land of giants. Some of the great groups are of colossal dimensions. Many of these great pieces of statuary will adorn huge triumphal arches and when so placed will seem of natural size to the visitor who stands upon the floors of the exposition courts.

We present upon this page some classical examples of the sketch models and the enlarged figures. A number of America's foremost sculptors have been engaged in the production of these figures. Among the sculptors are many names widely known both in America and abroad. The list includes A. Stirling Calder, acting director of sculpture; Albert Jaegers, Furio Piccirilli, Leo Lentelli, Robert I. Aitkin, Adolph A. Weinman, Isadore Konti, Evelyn Beatrice Longman, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Douglas Tilden, Gutzen Borglum, H. A. MacNeil, James E. Fraser, Charles C. Rumsey, Haig Patigan, Paulanship, F. G. R. Roth, Charles Nelhaus, D. C. French, Herbert Adams and others.

The sculpture of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will carry out the note of the exposition in celebrating the opening of the Panama canal. The spirit of achievement as exemplified by America's work at Panama will be idealized.

When the sculptors began to plan their work they had as an inspiration an undertaking which has appealed to the imagination of the world for centuries. In the opening of the Panama canal they saw the final result of four centuries of effort to secure a passageway between the oceans. The statuary will reproduce upon a wonderful scale the historic incidents connected with the Panama canal. Figures of the early explorers of the oceans, groups symbolizing the effort to pierce the rocky backbone of the continents, compositions designed to symbolize occidental and oriental themes, colossal representations of struggle and achievement, will illustrate many of the dramatic topics inseparably associated with the search for a passageway to the Pacific and with the final building of the canal at Panama.

In no other exposition has sculpture been employed to adorn the grounds to the extent that it will be employed at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

And while the sculptors are fast completing their splendid productions, which reveal the ideals of sculptors of the present day, other work upon the exposition is fast progressing. When the gates of this, America's Panama canal celebration, swing open to the world on Feb. 20, 1915, it will be upon a fully completed and perfected spectacle, the setting of the greatest international celebration that the world has ever beheld.

For likely, with its lining damp with perspiration and all the dust settled on it in the wearing still in its folds.

Then a girl or woman who is careless will wipe her face lightly with a not overclean cloth, dab at it with a towel, plaster it with cold cream and use a huge puff to apply a thick coating of powder, fancying she looks all right, especially when she sprinkles herself and her clothing with strong, coarse perfume. The creams, the powder and the perfume may cost dollars where a cake of really good soap costing a quarter and a tub of tepid water, with a clean towel and good rubbing, would give her a sweet smelling body that demands clean, fresh clothing only to make her attractive beyond words.

Thankfulness.

Imprisoned bird, how canst thou sing
As if 'twas early morn
And from the blue o'er sparkling fields
Thy song was born?

Thy world is now a little cage
Hung on a dusty street,
And with the sound of heavy wheels
Thy strains compete.

Ah, if thou canst from just the rays
That on thy prison fall
Find and float forth thy happiness
So may we all!

So may we all for little things
Pour out our hearts in praise
And in the sun of what we have
Find singing days.

Would Can Them.

Jones was showing his wife and her friend, Mrs. Brown, around the new offices. He left them in the waiting room for a few minutes while he answered a telephone call, and the conversation between the two women drifted to household matters.

"And have you put up much fruit this year, Mrs. Jones?" asked Mrs. Brown.

"Not very much so far," answered Mrs. Jones; "but," as her gaze wandered across the room where several pretty stenographers were working, "I intend to can a few peaches very soon."—Judge.

The Bran Pie.

Children love any excitement, and a novel way of keeping their unfeeling interest is to make a bran pie. A few penny toys should be wrapped in separate pieces of paper and hidden in a cardboard box that has been filled with sawdust. Every hour or so the child can pause a minute from his other amusements and have a "dip." Great will be his speculation as to what he is going to pick out of the bran pie.

THE UNCOUTH BILLBOARD.

Outdoor Advertising of Disfiguring Nature Should Be Abolished.

If one thing more than another tends to give our cities an uncouth appearance, says the Engineering Record editorially, and to imply a lack of architectural culture and good taste it is our hideous outdoor advertising. Last December the mayor of New York appointed a billboard commission, which has brought in a report that should be printed in abstract by civic betterment leagues and scattered broadcast throughout the country.

Briefly, the recommended rules would prohibit all outdoor advertising, except shop signs, in the neighborhood of parks, public buildings and streets of exceptional character and all large or flashing electric signs in or near residential districts; would limit the size of all outdoor advertising, regulate advertisements on subway and elevated railroad stations, prohibit roof signs in the residential districts, grant local option to determine whether outdoor advertising will be prohibited in certain districts, exact taxes for outdoor advertising and finally provide a censorship both as to moral and aesthetic qualities.

All who are sincerely interested in general civic improvement will join in the hope that New York will adopt the recommendations. Such action would improve the appearance of the city and serve as an example to other cities. Chicago acted courageously in 1911 and has pointed the way for other cities to go a step further.

The adaptability of the hydro-aero craft in saving lives in accidents in the water was demonstrated by Silas Christofferson in the rescue of Rex Renner, mechanic for Christofferson, in one of the prettiest events on the program of exposition aviation in San Francisco. Although the "ducking" of Renner from a rowboat out in the bay and his subsequent rescue by the aviator was all prearranged by those in charge of the exhibition, so good was the acting of Renner and so skillful the maneuvering of the aviator that the big crowd of spectators got all of the thrills of a real life-saving incident.

To Reduce Double Chin.

To reduce or prevent a double chin place the palm of the hand on the forehead, gradually lower the chin toward the chest, holding back the head with the hand. From this position push the head backward, resisting with the head.

— The —
Scrap Book

Helping Himself.

Charley Van Loan, living in the midst of the cafeteria belt in Los Angeles, had an early fishing trip in prospect. He went to a cafeteria to get his breakfast.

The plot in a cafeteria is to garner a plate and collect what food you want, take the collection to a chair or table, eat it and pay as you pass out. Van Loan did not know much about it. There was nobody in the place but one heavy eyed waiter when he entered. Van Loan sat down at a table and waited twenty minutes. The waiter nodded in his seat and paid no attention to him.

"Say," said Van Loan finally, "can't I get breakfast?"

"Sure," the waiter replied, "if you go after it."

He explained how the thing was done, and Van Loan picked up a few little trifles and ate them.

"How much?" he asked when he had finished.

"Thirty cents."

Van Loan paid his 30 cents and then took out a quarter, laid it down on the counter, picked it up again and put it back in his pocket.

"What's the idea?" asked the waiter.

"Oh," said Van Loan, "I'm tipping myself."—Saturday Evening Post.

Thy Work.

Let me but do my work from day to day
In field or forest, at the desk or loom,
In roaring market place or tranquil room.
Let me but find it in my heart to say
When vagrant wishes beckon me astray:
"This is my work, my blessing, not my doom."

Of all who live I am the one by whom
This work can best be done, in the right way.

—Henry van Dyke.

And Such Is Fame.

They are telling in New York a story about Richard Harding Davis and Gouverneur Morris.

These two writers, it appears, were motoring the other day and stopped at a Westchester inn for luncheon. The luncheon was excellent, and after it was over Mr. Davis went out to look over the car, leaving Mr. Morris alone. Mr. Morris, in good spirits from his fine meal, said genially to the landlord:

"Landlord, you'll be interested perhaps to know that my companion is Richard Harding Davis."

The landlord tried his best to look impressed and interested.

"You don't say?" he remarked. "And what business might he be in?"

A few minutes later Mr. Morris took his seat in the car, and Mr. Davis remained behind to settle the bill. As he counted his change Mr. Davis in his turn said to the landlord:

"Landlord, my friend there is Gouverneur Morris."

Again the landlord looked impressed and puzzled.

"Morris? Morris?" he said. "The name sounds familiar. Meat line, ain't it, sir?"

Delicate Suggestion.

A member of congress had been paying attention to a young lady for a long while, and had taken her to attend the house until she was well posted in the rules. On the last day of the session, as they came out, he bought her a bouquet of flowers and said to her, "May I offer you my handful of flowers?" She replied promptly "I move to amend by omitting all after the word 'hand'." He seconded the amendment and they adopted it unanimously.

Hit the Nail on the Head.

West Point history records this true story. A cadet was asked by a brother cadet to pay the debts of one friend to another by dancing with a "fem," whom the second had "dragged." Now the introduction and civil word were over and Cadet Two hid him away, pledged to return in time for the fifth dance.

He found his partner for the fifth dance. But alack, her name had slipped his memory. In the ballroom this is not an unforgivable offense, and he confessed his fault easily, gracefully, humbly, expecting to be absolved at small expense. But the lady was not pleased, nay, she was annoyed, and she told him so. Her name was a nice one. It was Elizabeth Randolph.

"What did you think it was—Jones?" she asked in high bad humor. Then, by way of retaliation: "I don't know what your name is. You cadets are so much alike. What is it?"

"My name is Algernon Leroy," he answered sincerely. Then he sought out his chum and warned him for the lady's sake. For his name was Jones.

—New York Post.

Moving Pictures.

"Are you fond of moving pictures?" "I should say not. I never can hang them again to suit my wife."—Detroit Free Press.

Santa Claus

The Only Case on Record
Where He Was Seen
Filling Stockings

By WINIFRED BALDWIN

Christmas was coming. The Severance children—the oldest twelve, the youngest five—were on the tiptoe of expectation, each wondering what Santa Claus would bring him or her; what they would get from mamma, from aunts, uncles or friends.

I have not mentioned papa, because in the Severance family papa was an uncertain quantity. At any rate, there had been no papa for several years. He had been away so long that he was beginning to fade from the memory of the older children, while the youngest did not remember him at all. Louise, a lovely girl of twelve, recollected him very well, a genial man with a bald head, who used to take her on his lap and tell her stories and give her candy. None of the children could recall just when he went away or how he came to go. Louise had once asked her mother about it, and the question had given so much pain that the child forbore to mention the subject again. Tommy, the youngest, had trodden on delicate ground by saying one day, "Mamma, why haven't I a papa like other boys?" His mother burst into tears, and, young as he was, Tommy had learned that his papa was not to be mentioned in the family.

The Severances lived in the country, where there were coasting and skating and such like winter sports. Two days before the glorious holiday it began to rain, and the rain turned to snow, and early in the morning the wind turned to the northwest, the clouds disappeared, the temperature fell and the air was full of delicious ozone.

"Golly," exclaimed Ben, the next child in age to Louise, on awaking and noticing the change, "we've got snow, and if this weather holds we'll have skating tomorrow. That's the kind of a Christmas for me."

All day long preparations were going on for the next day's festivities. The children were interested in everything



SANTA CLAUS FILLING THE STOCKINGS.

that was done. Mrs. Severance made the preparations for the dinner with her own hands, Aunt Sarah attended to procuring the evergreens and the holly for decorations, and Louise helped her put them up. All through the day packages were coming in either by express or post, and every time one arrived there was a struggle to keep the child to whom it was addressed from opening it, to see what was inside. Despite all the care taken Tommy succeeded in getting away with a little box addressed to him and had nearly got the wrapping off when his mother caught him and took it away from him.

When the postman delivered the afternoon mail Louise met him at the door and received a letter. She took it into her mother, who was in the kitchen making mince pies. Mrs. Severance the moment she caught sight of the superscription seized the letter, tore it open, read it and, throwing her arms about her daughter's neck, wept. Then she began to laugh.

"Oh, mamma," cried the frightened

girl, "you've got hysterics! Don't, please don't." And she hugged her mother to her.

Suddenly Mrs. Severance released herself and was about to speak, but changed her mind, and, going up to her room, shut the door and remained there some time. When she came out she seemed much changed for the better. Her step was light, and she continued her work apparently with a new-born happiness. Louise was curious to know what had happened; but, as I have said, Louise was a lovely girl, and one of the things a lovely girl would do under the circumstances would be to refrain from asking questions, knowing that if her mother wished to tell her anything she would tell her of her own accord. But Louise did not worry, seeing that her mother seemed so happy.

That evening—Christmas eve—the sun set in a cloudless sky, and at the same time a great round disk, the full moon, rose in the east. Aunt Sarah read to the children the familiar poem, "The Night Before Christmas;" then they all went out to look at the beautiful night.

"Why, it's just as it is in the poem," said one of the children. "The moon is shining on the breast of the new fallen snow."

"So it is," said Tommy. "I wish Santa Claus would come along in his sleigh with his reindeer, 'on, Donder, on, Blitzen; on, Dancer and Prancer,' and the rest of 'em."

There was an immense fireplace in the living room, so large that a man's body could go through it. Mrs. Severance insisted that the stockings should be hung up over this fireplace, since it was by far the easiest chimney for Santa Claus to come through. Besides, he could easily get into it from the roof. The children approved of helping him in his kindly work, but they all wanted to sleep in the living room, because they said they might catch a glimpse of him as he came down. So it was agreed that a cot or two be moved into the room and a bed be made on the lounge, so that the whole family might sleep in the living room and watch for Santa to come down the chimney.

When the children were all tucked in they kept up a chat for some time. Tommy said that he was going to keep awake all night so that he would be sure that he wouldn't miss seeing Santa come down. He kept his resolution by going to sleep five minutes after he made it. Then the others one by one dropped off. About 10 o'clock their mother came in and, after making sure they were properly covered, took her place on the lounge.

Just about daylight on Christmas morning, when every child was sleeping soundly, Mrs. Severance shook Tommy, and when he opened his eyes she said:

"Tommy, I hear a sound in the fireplace. I think Santa Claus has come." Tommy sat up, as wide awake as he had ever been in his life. Piercing through the uncertain light, he saw Santa Claus filling the stockings from a great bag. Then Louise awoke, and then Ben, and presently every child was sitting up looking at the strange sight.

"Santa," cried Tommy, "please give me a jumping jack."

Out came a jumping jack from the bag and was thrust into Tommy's stocking. The children all began to ask for the toys they wished, and in nearly every case the request was granted. When Santa Claus had filled all the stockings and emptied his bag as well he took off a toque he wore on his head and divested himself of his long fur coat and pulled off a white beard and stood before them, a middle aged gentleman.

"I do believe it's papa!" exclaimed Louise.

"You're right, dear child," said the impersonator of Santa Claus. "Your papa has come home to spend Christmas with you all, and he is never going away again, either."

He embraced them all; then they got up in their nighties or pajamas, some of them putting on dressing gowns, and took down their stockings, and never was such a hubbub known in the Severance home before.

The morning was cold and crisp, and a fire was laid on the hearth, and the children enjoyed their toys, though the older ones were so delighted at having their long absent father with them that they took little thought as to what he had brought them.

That was the happiest Christmas the Severance family ever spent. Both the father and the mother seemed overjoyed about something, though the children could not tell what it was. Aunt Sarah insisted on taking care of the Christmas dinner so that Mrs. Severance could be with her husband. Louise, who was very handy, helped her aunt. Louise set the table, put on the cranberry sauce for the turkey, and the celery and a piece of bread at every place. Then she finished by placing a vase in the center filled with flowers. When all were seated at table Mr.

Severance said grace, mentioning some inestimable blessing that had been bestowed upon the family. Louise, when she raised her head, looked at her mother and saw her eyes wet with tears. But such things rarely make much impression on children, and this inestimable blessing, whatever it might be, was soon forgotten in the dinner.

In the afternoon the children went skating on the pond, their father yielding to their solicitations to go with them. The ice cracked a little under them, so he did not go on to it, but stood on the shore watching them. Having skated for awhile, Ben, who had received a new sled, took off his skates, and he and Louise spent the rest of the afternoon coasting. The children were all pretty tired before bedtime and were not sorry to be tucked in by mamma and kissed all around by papa, and before 9 o'clock every one of them was sound asleep.

Louise slept with her Aunt Sarah. The child was old enough to wish to know something of her father's homecoming and asked her aunt to tell her. Aunt Sarah, thinking it as well to satisfy her, said that before her father went away a bad woman had made trouble between him and her mother. It had been all explained away just before Christmas, and the father's return had been set for Christmas. It had also been arranged that the father should come home Christmas eve and make his appearance to the children as Santa Claus on Christmas morning.

Points for Mothers

Novel Amusements Help.

The little weary face and the fretful cry of "I don't know what to do" that so often delay the sick child's convalescence can easily be avoided by a few ingenious thoughts for his amusement.

Very often Teddy bears and expensive toys that have been sent to him by sympathetic relatives will lie neglected at the foot of the bed, and the invalid's interest can be aroused only by some novel form of entertainment that has never amused him before.

Children are never happier than when cutting up paper. Snip, snip they go, clipping out shapeless pieces from old magazines and making a mess while they waste their time. There are so many ways in which paper cutting can train little fingers to be clever and active. For a few cents one of those colored paper "pantomimes" can be bought whose "cast" and scenery will take some hours to finish neatly. Little girls love to cut out paper dolls and create fashionable wardrobes for them. Very often they prefer to draw the outlines themselves, and then they can color them with crayons. Flowers, model houses, brightly hued chains—all these can be made from paper.

Rag Dolls and Beads.

The average child loves to make those rag animals and dolls that are now sold at every toy shop. The shapes are easily cut, and then they are stuffed with rags and sewn up again. This is another opportunity to humor a child's artistic bent because the animals can really be made from plain pieces of calico, provided somebody cuts it out in the right shape, and this can be painted by the youngster.

Stringing beads is a favorite pastime with the sick child. Rings, bracelets and necklaces can be made for relatives "on order," and there is nothing that children enjoy so much as making things for grownups.

Scrap book making is another task which a child enjoys. Give him a blank book, a paste pot and a few old illustrated magazines and he will amuse himself for hours.

An imaginative child finds great joy in seashells. He loves to feel the different shapes and by putting them to his ear thinks he can hear the sounds of the waves. This sometimes entertains him for hours.

Care of Young Children.

It is curious to notice how few women realize the possibilities of comprehension in children between the ages of two and five years. They will discuss the most impossible subjects before the little ones and very often discuss the children themselves in a way that seems to indicate that the little brains are blanks. So they are at first, but they are blanks upon which any passing hand can write what very few hands can erase.

The average child of these years is quicker to comprehend than at any

other period. He is more sensitive to impressions than grownups can possibly realize. An angrily raised voice leaves a blot on the young mind which it will take weeks to remove.

Think, then, mothers, of the responsibility of writing on these quickly covered blanks. Think of the care which should be spent on the writing, for, remember, as the child is trained now so will he be in adolescence. If kindness, courtesy and generosity are the lessons impressed on the young mind as he grows so will the knowledge of these traits develop. If he is raised on other principles he will reflect their impressions in after years.

Train your little one in ideas of big heartedness and compassion toward others. It is very easy to do. When the child bumps his head do not encourage him in ideas of revenge by spanking the offending obstacle and saying "Bad door" (or bad floor or whatever the object may be). "How could it hurt baby! There! Take that!" It is this method which will train the child in entirely wrong ideas of revenge.

If instead of this treatment the child is taught compassion and self forgetfulness the mother will reap the reward in after years. Teach the little one by saying: "Poor door! There; did baby hurt it? Baby didn't mean to." In this way the little one will forget his own hurt in thinking of the other.

Teach the little one, also, to be unselfish toward other children. When he has been the recipient of a present of candies, cakes or toys teach him to divide his goodies with others in the family or, if he is the only child, then with his friends. If the little mind is impressed with the fact that "it is more blessed to give than to receive" it is quite certain that the child of such teaching will not grow into a selfish, self centered man or woman.



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GEO. W. LOVIE, Secretary, Redwood City, Cal.

Notice of Stockholders' Meeting.

Pursuant to a resolution duly offered and adopted by the Board of Directors of the South San Francisco Mill and Lumber Company at a regular meeting of said Board, held at the office of said Corporation on the 10th day of December, 1913, and entered in the minute book of said Corporation as part of the proceedings of said meeting, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Stockholders of said Corporation is hereby called, and will be held at the office of said Corporation in the City of South San Francisco, State of California on the 30th day of December, 1913, at the hour of 10:00 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the proposition to dissolve the said Corporation, wind up its business and dispose of its assets.

Dated December 12, 1913.

J. J. MARTIN, Secretary of said Corporation.

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NOTICE TO

TAXPAYERS

TAXES 1913

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Books of the County of San Mateo (real and personal) for the fiscal year 1913 have been received and the taxes on all personal property and one-half of the taxes on all real property are now due and payable and will be delinquent on the

Last Monday in November, 1913
at 6 o'clock P. M.

And unless paid prior thereto, 15 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. If the said first installment of taxes be not paid before the Last Monday in April, 1914, at 6 P. M. an additional 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. The remaining one-half of the taxes on real property will be payable on or after the First Monday in January Next thereafter, and be delinquent on the Last Monday in April, 1914, at 6 o'clock P. M. and that unless paid prior thereto 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

All taxes may be paid at the time the first installment, as herein provided, is due and payable.

If deed to your property was not recorded before March 1st, 1914, your name will not appear on assessment roll this year.

I will be in attendance to receive taxes at the following places and times:

Pescadero, Wednesday, October 22d, at Swanton House, from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m.

San Gregorio, Thursday, October 23d, at E. Montevaldo's during forenoon.

Halfmoon Bay, Saturday, October 25th, at Bank of Halfmoon Bay, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

South San Francisco, Wednesday, October 29th, at Town Hall, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

San Bruno, Thursday, October 30th, at Justice Court Room, from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Daly City, Saturday, November 1st, at Town Hall, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Colma, Monday, November 3d, at Bell's Store, from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Burlingame, Wednesday, November 5th, at Town Hall, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

San Mateo, Friday and Saturday, November 7th and 8th, at City Hall, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

First installment Taxes Delinquent, November 24, 1913, 6 p. m.

Address all communications regarding State and County Taxes to

A. MCSWEENEY,

County Tax Collector, San Mateo County

10-11-14 REDWOOD CITY, CAL.

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If you do not want business. Watch the man that DOES advertise and see him do the business. Wake up! Put your ad. in THE ENTERPRISE.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Roll of the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1914, has been duly made, certified and delivered to me for the collection of City Taxes appearing thereon:

1. That the taxes on all personal property secured by real property, and one-half the taxes on all real property, will be due and payable on the second Monday in October, and will be delinquent on the last Monday in November next thereafter, at 6 o'clock p. m., and unless paid prior thereto fifteen per cent will be added to the amount thereof, and that if said one-half be not paid before the last Monday in April next, at 6 o'clock p. m., an additional five per cent will be added thereto. That the remaining one-half of the taxes on all real property will be payable on and after the first Monday in January next, and will be delinquent on the last Monday in April next thereafter at 6 o'clock p. m., and that unless paid prior thereto, five per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

2. That all taxes may be paid at the time the first installment, as herein provided, is due and payable. That the taxes on all personal property unsecured by real property, are due and payable between the second Monday in October and the last Monday in November.

PAYMENT OF TAXES may be made at the time herein specified, at the office of the TAX COLLECTOR, 310 LINDEN AVENUE, in the City of South San Francisco.

South San Francisco, October 4, 1913.
HENRY W. KNEESE,
Marshal and Ex-officio Tax Collector of the City of South San Francisco.
10-25-14

SAN BRUNO NEWS.

SAN BRUNO METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school, 10:00 a. m.
 Preaching by the pastor 11:00 a. m.
 Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:45

In spite of the heavy rain, the Sunday school held its Christmas program on Monday evening, December 22d. The attendance was small, but a good program was rendered.

San Bruno Sunday school is flourishing.

Mr. Byers will move into his own home the first of next week.

For Rent—Five room house, all modern and up-to-date, \$15 month, near postoffice. C. Schoelkopf, San Bruno.

Mr. Torris and family, who have been living in Mr. Byers home, have moved into their new home.

High Class Motion Pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening, and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8:15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m.

Live where the sun always shines and there is no fog. Why pay rent when the same amount of money will buy the house for you? Just a small payment down. \$200 down will buy a 7-room house and lot. \$10 down, balance \$10 month, buys 2 lots, no interest. \$750 cash buys 5-room house and lot. \$100 down buys 3-room house and lot. \$550 buys lot on business street, bargain, on time. A postal card will receive prompt attention. Also houses for rent, furnished and unfurnished, very reasonable. Take San Mateo car, get off at San Bruno crossing. L. M. Pfluger, real estate office, Advt.

IMPORTANT FOREIGN NEWS

The arsenal at Tokio is manufacturing a quantity of arms ordered by the Mexican Government, which it is expected will be shipped at an early date. Japanese officials explain that this is merely a matter of business, and is not indicative of any unfriendliness to the United States.

Professor Goettell of the University of Kiel, France, announces the complete success of an extraordinary surgical operation, which was performed in May. It consisted of the removal of the fourth finger of the left hand and replacing it with the patient's second left toe. The patient was a violinist, who had injured his finger. A painful swelling resulted, and it was treated for four months before it was decided to amputate. The toe was decided to be the best substitute in size and shape in order to allow the man to continue his vocation. Inside of a month the patient was able to move his new finger, and now is playing the violin again.

With befitting ceremony, the "Mona Lisa," taken to Rome under guard from Florence, was handed over to the French Ambassador, M. Barrere, at the Ministry of Instruction, in the presence of Marquis di San Giuliano, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Signor Credaro, Minister of Public Instruction; M. Besnard, director of the French school in Rome, and other prominent personages, who signed the document of the transfer of the picture, which had previously been officially identified by M. Leprieux, director of the painting section of the Louvre, by the aid of documents and detailed photographs. The "Mona Lisa" was then placed in a rosewood box, and Dr. Corrado Ricci, Director-General of Fine Arts in Rome, handed the key to the second secretary of the embassy, M. Olle-Laprune. The painting was conveyed to the Farnese Palace, where the French Embassy is housed, and was viewed by the Queen mother and others.

San Joaquin County potatoes are infected with eel worm, and potato growers in all parts of the State, in Nevada, in Oregon and in practically all parts of the country are troubled with them, according to a statement made by County Horticultural Commissioner William Garden, when shown a telegraphic dispatch from Santa Barbara stating that four carloads of potatoes shipped from Stockton had been condemned at Santa Barbara. Garden states that the shipment was made by a San Francisco firm, and that under the quarantine laws shipments cannot be condemned at the point of shipment, but only at the destination. Garden states that the eel worm is not confined to potatoes alone, but that it has attacked various vegetables.

SIFT CONDITIONS ANENT UNEMPLOYED

Penniless Men Found Asleep Under Sidewalks in S. F.

Following the recent conference in which the Public Welfare Committee of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors was asked to formulate plans for the relief of the army of unemployed in the city, a committee composed of clergymen, charity workers, members of the Socialist party and representatives of the men who declare they cannot get work, started out on a tour of investigation.

In the party were Harry Bogart of the Associated Charities; E. P. Fitzgerald of the Co-operative Employment Bureau; Albert Ehrgeot of the employment section of the Young Men's Christian Association; J. Stitt Wilson, leader of the Socialist crusade; Mads P. Christensen and Rev. Norman Pendleton of the Socialist party; Rev. W. C. Poole, pastor of the Wesley Methodist Episcopal Church; Rev. John M. Jackson, pastor of the Hamilton Episcopal Church, and A. E. Walker and Michael Hogan of the army of unemployed.

The first and only point visited was Howard street, between Third and Fourth, where several men were found in the meager shelter offered by friendly sidewalks or piles of lumber in vacant lots. These men were given beds in a neighboring lodging-house.

In one hotel fifty men were turned out into the night with the closing of the reading-room of the house. None of them knew where they were going to sleep. In a Tehama-street rescue mission, upward of thirty homeless and unemployed men were found huddled together on the hard board flooring.

According to Michael Hogan, who led the tour of inspection, the same conditions found in Howard street prevail on the water front, in the lumber yards and on the Barbary Coast.

The number of persons out of work at present in San Francisco is estimated at 20,000.

Robert H. Buck of the committee of the unemployed stated that he had been a citizen of San Francisco for seven years, and belonged to a labor union, and he said that the men who had come here with the hope of getting work were becoming desperate, although they had been counseled to do nothing unlawful.

Rev. J. Stitt Wilson said that at any time an audience of about 3000 unemployed men could be had on Howard street, where they congregated. About one-third of them appeared to be skilled mechanics, one-third construction work laborers and one-third common laborers. He read a telegram from the Mayor of Seattle, stating that municipal emergency work was being provided there, and lodgings were furnished. Wilson did not think that the persons out of employment were those who had been drawn to San Francisco with the hope of getting exposition work, since the lack of employment seemed to be general throughout the country. He had heard that 150,000 were out of work in Chicago.

Superintendent Bogart of the Co-operative Employment Bureau stated that for the first time this institution was now turning away daily hundreds of men who were willing to work in the woodyard for their meals and lodgings, as it did not have accommodations for more than half of the applicants.

GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

Three Chinese are among those studying forestry at the New York State College of Forestry, Syracuse, N. Y.

President Huerta revived the old custom of celebrating at the National Palace with great formality the anniversary of the birth of the chief executive. He was born December 23, 1854.

Having proved that electric radiation benefits growing plants, German scientists are experimenting with an electrified schoolroom, which is said to accelerate the physical growth and stimulate the mental processes of the pupils therein.

Few retirements on reaching the age limit of 64 years will occur in the Army during 1914, but they will give the President opportunity to appoint one Major-General, two Brigadier-Generals, a Surgeon-General and an Adjutant-General, according to information at the War Department.

A coal famine is to come with the present cold weather at Lincoln, Neb.

The Teamsters' Union has declared a strike if they do not secure an increase of wages. The dealers have met and signed an agreement not to grant the demands. Three-fourths of all coal haulers in the city are affected.

In compliance with recent orders issued by the Navy Department, every enlisted man in the Navy and marine corps at Bremerton, Wash., must prove he is a citizen of the United States before he is allowed the additional pay received for enlistment. This is to weed out the foreign-born sailors and marines who have enlisted in the service without first being naturalized, and also deserters from foreign navies who have joined the United States Navy.

Enlisted men at the navy yard at Bremerton, Wash., are now taking the typhoid prolixis treatment, a serum used to prevent typhoid fever, and which was proved a success two years ago in warding off the disease from men of the Army, Navy and marine corps, and which is being generally administered in the military service. A series of three inoculations is given each person treated, ten days apart, and this is said to be an effective preventive of typhoid for a period of two years.

Princeton, N. J., has taken another step toward the solution of the drinking problem among students. Dean Howard McClenahan has served notice to the proprietors of all drinking places in Princeton that the university will hold them to strict account if liquor is served to minors. This action by the dean has caused criticism by a few of the undergraduates, who contend that it is ill advised at the present time, when so much has already been done for the betterment of conditions by the voluntary action of the students themselves.

A State-wide special labor convention will be called by the Michigan Federation of Labor, to be held at Lansing within thirty days, to discuss ways and means of settling the strike of copper miners, according to five of the six members of the board, who are in Houghton, Mich., to meet officials of the Western Federation of Miners. All of the labor organizations of the State will be asked to send representatives. No plan has been announced yet to bring the contesting factions of the strike together, but the federation officials believe a basis for an understanding can be reached.

The Oregon Supreme Court has decided that the eight-hour labor law applies to all State institutions, and that hereafter no employees of the asylum for the insane, the penitentiary, the reform and industrial schools and other State institutions can be worked more than eight hours in every twenty-four. The result of the decision, State officials declare, will be large shortages in the appropriations for all State institutions, as hereafter three shifts of employees will have to be employed at each institution. The decision of the court embraces within its meaning every employee, from the highest to the lowest.

Mrs. Ella Flagg Young was voted back into the superintendency of the Chicago public schools after a stormy session of the Board of Education. The action of the Board in removing John D. Shoop and replacing Mrs. Young will be challenged in court. Mrs. Young's failure to be re-elected two weeks ago by the School Board roused a storm of popular indignation. Mass meetings were held and the School Board and the Mayor's office were besieged by delegations, which demanded that Shoop resign and make way for Mrs. Young to come back. Mayor Harrison declared that members of the School Board appointed by him had voted against Mrs. Young in an "underhand" way.

The anti-Colombian sentiment has grown to such an extent that an open letter has been addressed to President Porras demanding the expulsion from the republic of the country's detractors and the dismissal of all Colombians holding Government positions in Panama. A further demand is made that the police corps shall be composed exclusively of Panamanians. At present about one-third of the teachers' staff in the schools of the republic is composed of Colombians, and there is a large sprinkling of them in the Police Department. The leaders of the anti-Colombian movement express the opinion that if there are not enough Panamanian teachers to supply the schools, teachers from Chile or Spain should be engaged.

Assistant District Attorney Charles McConaughy of San Francisco has asked for a continuance in the cases of Raymond Osborne and Albert Richmond, charged with petty larceny before Police Judge Shortall, stating that he desired to make a deeper investigation, as he was convinced the defendants had been connected with a gigantic scheme to swindle persons all over the United States in collecting subscription money for magazines.

UNIONS TO FIGHT IN ENGLAND

The Struggle Is Set for 1915

The London Standard says that the biggest trade unions in the country are concentrating their forces for a great fight with capital. The movement is regarded as the reply to the employers' \$250,000,000 fund. Railway men have a programme for an eight-hour day and a minimum wage, the dockers are formulating a set of demands, and the miners are preparing new proposals. The district agreements of the miners expire in 1915, and that year is regarded as the time of the threatened labor Armageddon.

This new and ominous move is inaugurated by the decision of the Miners' Federation to approach the other big trade unions "with the view to co-ordinate action in support of each other's demands."

"The latest development," said a member of the United Kingdom Employers' Defense Union, "brings the labor movement to the borderland of syndicalism. Indeed, one of the speakers at the Scarborough conference of the Miners' Federation said he would stand for 'syndicalism, anarchism, even nihilism,' in connection with the Dublin lockout. The proposed amalgamation for the purposes of a national strike in 1915 must be closely watched by employers if their interests and industries are to be preserved. The Employers' Defense Union will have formulated their plans in a few days for guarding against the unjustifiable attacks on the various industrial concerns throughout the country."

"It has been justly appreciated that the new combination of labor will eventually represent over 5,000,000 trade unionists. The Miners' Federation itself is the most powerful branch at present, with a total of about 750,000 members. Railway men total more than 600,000, and the latest reports are that non-unionists join the union at the rate of 3000 per week. The day of unorganized employees is past. Organization of the leaders of industry throughout the kingdom—mines, railways, shipping, engineering, cotton, etc., are at last taking place."

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

Burglars blew open the safe in the Tiburon Postoffice and secured for their pains \$25 in cash and stamps to the amount of a few dollars.

Two hundred members of the "Army of the Unemployed," on their way south to Bakersfield and Los Angeles, were fed in Fresno a few days ago. Many residents donated both food and clothing. The men are in an improvised camp under strict discipline, and there is no disorder nor petty thievery reported.

Contra Costa officials have announced the sale of \$100,000 forth of State highway bonds to the Anglo London Paris National Bank of San Francisco for the sum of \$94,605. This is the second block of bonds sold by the county to the same purchasers. The bonds bring 4 per cent. The county still have \$90,000 worth of bonds on hand, which it expects to dispose of before the end of the year.

Captain J. Rupert Foster, a prominent hotel man of Marysville, has been arrested on a charge of violating the eight-hour law for female employees, on a complaint sworn to by Deputy Commissioner John S. Blair of the Bureau of Labor. The complaint alleged that J. R. Foster, through his steward, permitted a waitress to work in a local hotel on November 21st for more than eight hours during the twenty-four.

John Bostick, 22 years old, a slender, raw-boned young man, with a quiet manner and a somewhat heavy voice, is under arrest at the City Prison in San Francisco on suspicion of being the bandit who held up the Pullman car Hondo of Southern Pacific train 9 near Monte, Los Angeles County, on the night of December 1st, and, after robbing the passengers, shot and killed H. E. Montague, traveling passenger agent of the Southern Pacific.

The Western Pacific Railroad Company will ask the State Railroad Commission to permit it to discontinue operating trains Nos. 7 and 8, running between Stockton and San Francisco, after January 1, 1914. It is learned from the local officials that the two trains have been money losers for months, and that owing to the lack of patronage—in fact, the really small number of passengers carried on the trains—that it is useless for the road to continue operating them.

Warden James A. Johnston has

named W. M. Campbell of Los Angeles, San Quentin historian. The new official for several months was secretary to Johnston at Folsom Prison. Campbell's position is one of two created several months ago by the State Board of Prison Directors. His duties will consist of collecting data on the habits, criminal records, antecedents, crimes and mental development of all prisoners received at San Quentin. This data will be used by the State Board of Prison Directors in considering parole applications.

The report of Second Assistant Postmaster-General Stewart disclosed the fact that the Postoffice Department expects to reduce the increased expenditures for railway car service by establishing railway terminal postoffices and requiring a separation, by routes, of the first and second class mails of publishers. Last year, says the report, a large amount of additional car space was required on mail trains because of the establishment of the parcel post system. That the extension of the service necessitated a considerable increase in the annual expenditure for car rental is shown in the statement that from January 1st to November 29th, 1913, there was a net increase of \$451,072.69. The report shows that the cost of operating rail, ocean, river, lake, street car, screen-wagon, pneumatic tube and mail messenger service for the year ended June 30th, last, was \$86,102,237.54.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET

Latest Conditions and Prices of Seasonable Products of California

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—Apples, per box: Newtown Pippins, 4-tier, \$1.50@1.75; do, 4½-tier, \$1.25@1.35; Spitzenberg, 4-tier, \$1.40@1.60; do, 4½-tier, \$1.10@1.25; Bellflower, 3½-tier, \$1.65@1.75; do, 4-tier, \$1.65@1.75; do, 4½-tier, \$1.25@1.40; Rhode Island Greenings, 4-tier, \$1.25@1.35; do, 4½-tier, \$1; Delaware Reds, 4-tier, \$1.30@1.40; do, 4½-tier, \$1.15@1.25; Hoover, 4-tier, \$1.25@1.35; do, 4½-tier, \$1.10@1.15; Baldwin, 3½ and 4-tier, \$1.25@1.50; do, 4½-tier, \$1.10@1.15; Lady Apples, \$1.50@3; Oregon Apples—Extra fancy Spitzenbergs, \$2@2.50; do, fancy, \$1.75@2; do, choice, \$1.40@1.65; Jonathan, \$1.50@1.75; Ben Davis, \$1.50@1.75; Baldwins, \$1.75@1.85; Black Twigs, \$1.60@1.75.

PEARS—Winter Nellis, per box, \$1.75@2.

CRANBERRIES—Howe's, \$10@12.50 per barrel.

CITRUS FRUITS—Per box: Lemons, standard, \$2.50@3.50; choice, \$4.50@5; fancy, \$5.50@6.25; Lemonettes, \$1.50@2.75; Grapefruit, seedless, \$3@4; Limes, per case, \$3.50@4.50.

ORANGES—Per box: New Navels, fancy, \$2.25@2.50; do, choice, \$1.25@2.25; sweetened stock, \$1.50@2.25; Tangerines, \$1.50@2; do, crates, \$1@1.25; Mandarins, \$1.25@1.50.

POTATOES—Per cental: Delta Whites, 75c@81; do, fancy, \$1@1.15; Oregon Burbanks, 85c@1.25; Idaho, \$1.10@1.20; Sweeties, \$1.25@1.40.

ONIONS—Per cental: Silverskins, \$2.20@2.35; on street, 25c higher; Oregon, \$2.50@2.60.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, 40c@51 per box; do, southern, per crate, 35@85c; String Beans, per pound, 5@10c; Lima, per pound, 4@6c; Peas, 6@10c per pound; Cauliflower, per doz., 40@60c; Green Peppers, southern, per pound, 2½@4; Egg Plant, southern, per pound, 3@6c; Rhubarb, \$1@1.50 per box; Cabbage, \$1.25@1.50 per cental; Squash, Summer, per box, \$1.25@1.50; do, Cream, 50@75c; Hubbard, per sack, 70@75c; do, Marrowfat, 65@75c; Sprouts, 4@5c per pound; Mushrooms, per pound, natural, 5@9c; buttons, 10@12½c; Carrots, per sack, 55@65c; Celery, large crates, \$1.50@2; do, small crates, \$1@1.25; Garlic, per pound, 7@10c; Cucumbers, hothouse, per box of 2½ dozen, \$1.25@1.75; do, L. A. lugs, 90c@1.25; Lettuce, per small crate, 75c@1.25.

POULTRY—Per pound: California Fryers, 20@22c; Old Roosters, 12c; do, young, 18@19c; Hens, 15@16c; Eastern Hens, 16@18c; young stock, 17@21c. Per dozen: California Hens, medium, \$4.50@5; do, extra, \$6@11.50; old Roosters, \$4@5; young Roosters, \$7@8; do, full-grown, \$8@10; Fryers, \$5@6; Broilers, \$3@4; Ducks, old \$4@5.50; do, young, \$6@8; Pigeons, \$1.25; do, Squabs, \$2.50@3; Eastern Hens, \$7@11, according to size; Geese, per pair, \$2@3; Turkeys, per pound: Young, 19@21c; do, old, 17@20c; dressed Turkeys, 23@25c; off grades, 19@22c.

GAME—Per dozen: Rabbits, \$2.25@2.50; Belgian Hares, \$4@6; do, wild, \$2.50@2.75; Geese, white, \$2@2.50; do, Gray, \$4@5; Brant, large, \$3@4; do, small, \$2@2.50; Canvasback, \$5@6; Mallard, \$4@5; Sprig, \$3@5; Wildgeon, \$2.50@3; Spoonbill, \$2@2.50; Black-jack, \$2@2.50; Bluebills, \$2@3.

DAIRY PRODUCE—Butter, 30c per pound; Eggs, 43½c per dozen.

SUPPLEMENT

NO. 52.

Members absent and not voting—None.
W. H. BROWN.
 Chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the
 County of San Mateo, State of California.
 (SEAL) **JOS. H. NASH.**
 Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the Coun-
 ty of San Mateo, State of California.